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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/576,841	04/20/2006	Harry Leneau	P00902-US-01	7450	
22446 7590 06/27/2008 ICE MILLER LLP			EXAMINER		
ONE AMERICAN SQUARE, SUTTE 3100 INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46282-0200			WARE, DEBORAH K		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1651		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/27/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/576.841 LENEAU ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit DEBBIE K. WARE 1651 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected.

Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b'

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

a)∏ All	b) Some * c) None of:
1.	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2.	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

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1)	Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
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3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/24/06

Office Action Summary

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-17 are presented for examination on the merits.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on July 24, 2006, was filed and received. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97.

Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Hies et al (5147548), cited on enclosed PTO-1449 Form.

Claims are drawn to a sterilized colostrum, method of producing it and providing it to a bovine.

Hies et al teach a sterilized colostrum, method of producing it and providing it to a bovine, see entire document and the abstract, all lines. Also note that that steps of filtering and sterilizing are disclosed, see column 3, lines 26-28, wherein the filter size is 5 micron, and a series of filters is disclosed. Also at column 1, lines 40, gamma radiation treatment is disclosed.

The claims are identical to the cited disclosure and are, therefore, considered to be anticipated by the teachings of the reference.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 2-4 and 9-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hies et al. cited above. in view of Hodgkinson et al (6616927).

The claims are further drawn to providing a calf with an injection of sterilized colostrum

Hies et al teaching providing sterile colostrum to cows, note column 1, lines 1-20.

Hodgkinson et al teach injecting cows with colostrum or immunoglobulins obtained therefrom and the desire in the art to protect calves. The injection can have a saline carrier. Note column 2, lines 1-50.

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The claims differ from Hies et al in that injection with syringe and carrier is not specifically disclosed.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made to provide for Hies et al to a calf using an injection means and carrier as disclosed by Hodgkinson et al because the art recognizes the colostrum and its beneficial anitibodies provides immunization of dairy cows and the desire to treat the young juvenile cows such as calves is dislosed as well. Thus, one of skill would have been motivated to treat a calf via injection especially since the calf is typically nursing from its mother parental cow and not able to receive oral vaccines and the like. To include a carrier in the syringe for delivery by injection into the calf is clearly an obvious modification of the cited prior art. Furthermore, to provide for more than one dose and to do so on subsequent times and dates is also an obvious modification of the cited prior art and well within the purview of an ordinary artisan. The claims are rendered prima facie obvious over the cited prior art.

All claims fail to be patentably distinguishable over the state of the art discussed above and cited on the enclosed PTO-892 and/or PTO-1449. Therefore, the claims are properly rejected.

The remaining references listed on the enclosed PTO-892 and/or PTO-1449 are cited to further show the state of the art

No claims are allowed.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah K. Ware whose telephone number is 571-272-0924. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Deborah K. Ware/ Deborah K. Ware June 21, 2008